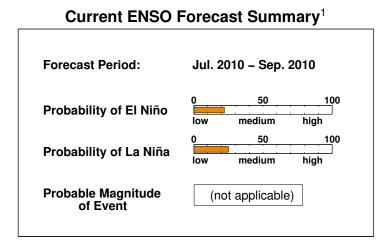
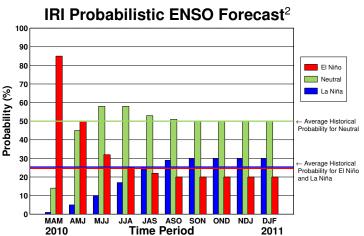
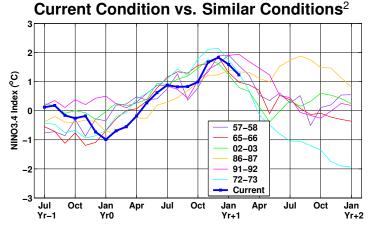
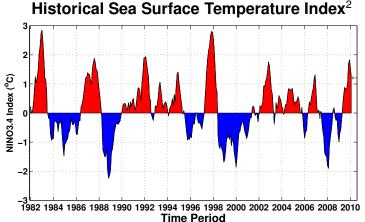
## ENSO QUICK LOOK Mar 18, 2010 A monthly summary of the status of El Niño, La Niña and the Southern Oscillation, or "ENSO"

El Niño conditions remain moderate strength in the equatorial Pacific. For the Mar-May season in progress there is an approximately 85 percent probability of maintaining El Niño conditions. Probabilities for El Niño decrease to 50 percent for the Apr-Jun season, and to 25 percent for the Jun-Aug season. During the second half of 2010, the probability for La Niña conditions rises to 30 percent, which is slightly higher than the 25 percent climatological probability.









## **Historically Speaking**

El Niño and La Niña events tend to develop during the period Apr-Jun and they:

- Tend to reach their maximum strength during Dec-Feb
- Typically persist for 9-12 months, though occasionally persisting for up to 2 years
- Typically recur every 2 to 7 years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Probability of an El Niño refers to the likelihood of a sustained (that is, over several seasons) warming across a broad region of the eastern and central tropical Pacific, not just along coastal South America.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Based on sea surface temperature departures from the long-term average over the "NINO3.4" region (120-170W, 5S-5N).